## Supplement Chap. 285 - 1



RR.21A Country of origin: France

Alert receivers #4

### DATA SUMMARY

Organisation: French Army.

Design/Manufacturer: Ribet & Desjardins, France.

Year of Introduction: 1952.

Purpose: Special purpose receiver.

Frequency coverage:  $550-1700 \, \text{kHz}$ ,  $5.6-17 \, \text{MHz}$ . Circuit features: Single conversion superheterodyne. Mixer/osc, IF, Det/AF/AVC, AF output. IF:  $455 \, \text{kHz}$ . AF output: Low impedance headphones ( $125 \, \Omega$ ).

Valves: 1R5, 1T4, 1S5, 1L4.

Aerial: Wire.

Power Supply: Dry batteries: One 'D' 11/2V LT cell and

67½V HT carried in a separate AA.9A box.

Dimensions (mm) and weight (g):

Height length width weight RR.21A receiver: 55 80 160 800 AA.9A Battery box: 45 80 160 400

Accessories: Headphones, battery connector, aerial wire,

spare batteries.

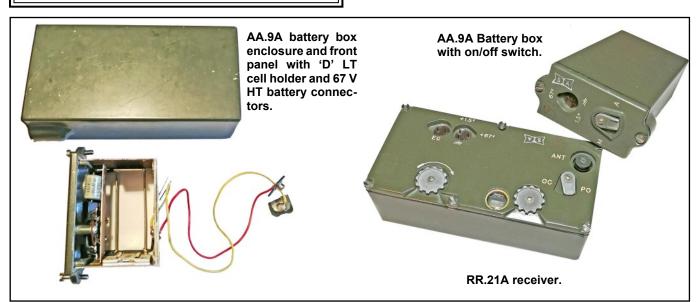
#### **REMARKS**

The RR.21A was a miniature dry battery powered four valve superheterodyne receiver for receiving AM transmissions on medium wave and shortwave. The receiver comprised a RR-21A receiver with associated AA.9A battery container, both enclosed in waterproof diecast boxes of similar dimensions.

Although so far no official source was found with reference to its use, it might have been issued to long range patrols receiving information from base, and information from broadcast stations. Agents usually had less conspicuous commercial radio receivers.

#### References:

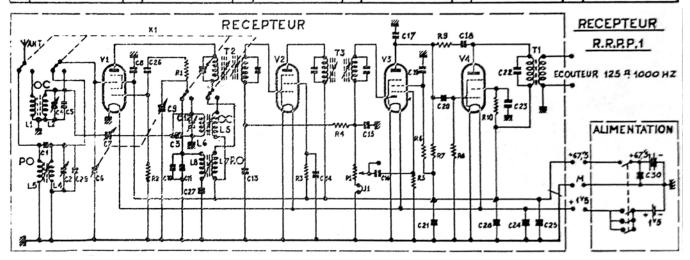
- Many thanks to Ugo Fermi, IW1FQG, Italy for taking photographs and providing further information.



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# **Supplement Chap. 285** - 2

|      |                    |      |               |     |                   |     |             |    | 0,1 M * 1/4 W<br>22 M * 1/4 W | 7.3      | TRANS. MF 4.3.3 KCs  |
|------|--------------------|------|---------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| C.3  | 1091               | C 14 | 0,01 ME 150 V | (25 | 0,04 MI 150V      | L3. | ACCORD P.O  | R5 |                               | P1       | POT. Q5 M* LOG.      |
| 4.6_ | 23 PY              | £ 36 | 0,01 MF 150 V | G27 | 500PF 1500V       | L5  | OSCILL, O.C | R7 | 0.39 MA Y4W                   |          | TUBE 1R5<br>TUBE 1T4 |
| CS.  | 1-10 PEAJUSTABLE   | C18  | .100Pf        | CAR | 18.Pf             |     | OSCILL. P.O | Rg | 47 MA Y4 W                    |          | TUBE 155             |
| C8_  |                    |      | 0.01 MF 150 Y | 11  | PRISE DE CONTROLE | R1  |             |    |                               |          | GALETTE (4 DIREC     |
| G11  | 10 PY AJUST. A AIR | C22  | 2000Pf 350V   | -   |                   | R2  | 0.1 Mª V4 W | TR | TRINS. MF 435 KCS             | $\vdash$ | TIONS 2 POSITIONS )  |



Circuit diagram of RR.21A receiver and AA.9A battery box. Note the triple contact on/off switch in the LT circuit.



Internal view of the RR.24A receiver revealing the use of Philips IF transformers and tuning capacitor.



Bottom view of receiver with type and serial number plate.